It S JNO. THOMBON, Secretary.

METHODIST SOCIETY OF SOUTH

WASHINGTON - Services at Kendall Chapel, corner 13% and D streets southwest, on Sunday
next Freaching inforning and evening by the
feet. Dr. Newnan, of the Winnington Conference.
Sunday school at 9 a. m. sp22-2t

The THOUGHT EXCHANGE will meet
hereafter at 3 p. m. Sundays at Tallmadge
Hall for free discussion Question for next Sunday. "Should Education be made compulsity by
the Government?" Free floor and free speech.
Admission 5 cents.

EVENING MEETING, 7.45 Mrs. Myra Hall,
of New York city, will lecture for one hour on
"The Philosophy of Spiritalism," the lecture to
be followed by ten minute speeches. Admission to
evening meetings, 10 cents. Free tickets may be
had of the chairman (at the door) by all unable to
ray.

MEDICAL ASSOCIATION - There will

MEDICAL ASSOCIATION There will be a special meeting of the MEDICAL ASSOCIATION OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA at the Medical Society Rooms, No. 915 F street, SATURDAY next, the 23d inst., at 2 o'clock p.m. By order of the President:

J. FORD THOMPSON, M.D.

J. F. HARTIGAN, M.D., Secretary. ap21-2t

J. F. HARTIGAN, M. D., Secretary ap21-2t

NOTICE.—PUBLIC WORSHIP WILL (D.

Notice the secretary of the Scotch version of the Young Men's Christian Association, corner of 9th and D streets northwest, by Rev. Alex. Blankir, D. D., of Fhiladelphia formerly of Boston. Persons having copies of the Scotch version of the Psa'ms are requested to bring them.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF TAXES,

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1881.

The attention of TAX PAYERS is called to the tax levied for the year ending June 30, 1881, on Real and Personal Property.

The second half of such tax, where not previously paid, will become due and payable on the let day of May next; and if not paid before the let day of May next; and if not paid before the let day of June ensuing, shall thereupon be in arrears and delinquent, and a penalty of two per centum upon the amount thereof will be added, and the same, with other taxes due and in arrears, will be listed for advertisement and TAX 8ALE in the manner prescribed by existing law.

By order of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Attest:

JOHN F. COOK.

JOHN F. COOK. Collector of Taxes D. C. WE HAVE NO FANCY PRICE LIST from which to take HEAVY DISCOUNTS, but are selling GAS FIXTURES of the Best Makes at NET PRICES as low as any house in the city, Giodes and Hanging included.

HAMILTON & SHEDD, mar30

489 9th st., Y. M. C. A. Building.

WE ARE GIVING 60 PER CENT DIS-GAS FIXTURES,
made by the Archer & Pancoast Manufacturing
Company, of New York whose goods are unrivaled
in design and finish. No extra charge for hanging. A large stock on hand and a larger one to
draw from. EDWARD CAVERLY & CO.,
mar29 1425 New York ave.

HEAVY DISCOUNT OFF GAS FIXTURES, equal to 50 per cent of manufacturers list. I represent the well known firm of
MITCHELL. VANCE & CO., New York, and can
sell their artistic goods at lowest prices. New
styles constantly received. Largest assortment.
mar28-Im 531 15th st., Corcoran Building. SPECIAL NOTICE.

NORTHERN LIBERTY MARKET.

By vote of the Directors of the Market a REDUCTION has been made in the monthly rent of Stalls
to renters, to take effect APRIL 1, 1881, and continue through the current fiscal year. Dealers desiring to avail themselves of this advantage will do
well to make immediate application at the Office of
the Company. B. F. GUY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF THE FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14, 1881.
Notice is hereby given to the Depositors and Creditors of the FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY that all claims must be presented, and all dividends heretofore declared applied for, at this office, on or before AUGUST 21, 1881, or they will be barred, and the amounts distributed among the other creditors of the Company, as provided in the act of February 21, 1881. Depositors who have not already received dividends should immediately forward their books by mail or express, or through some responsible bank or banker, accompanied with their address.

MATCH STATE OF THE OFFICE OFFIC

SPECIAL NOTICE.—A fresh supply of PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL at DREW'S Drug Store, corner 9th st. and Pennsyl-vanis ave., at 50c. per full pint bottle. decil HOT SODA! HOT SODA!

Prepar d with delicious and nutritious syrups.
Affords the most pleasant and wholesome drinks for the vinter season. Cold Sods and all Minera.
Waters for sale all the year. MILBURN'S
PHARMACY AND MINERAL WATER DEPOT,
edge 1429 PENNSTLVANIA AVENUE.

HAYWARD & HUTCHIRSON. 817 Rinth st. northwest, GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO MCDERNIZING DEFECTIVE PLUMBING

IN CITY RESIDENCES, AND, HAVING A LARGE FORCE OF COMPETENT WORKMEN. ATTEND PROMPTLY ALL JOBEING ORDERS.

WM. STONE ABERT, ATTOBNEY-AT-LAW. 11.3-6m No. 408 5tb st. u.w. тноя с. вазянов с со..

DEALERS IN WHOUGHT-18GN

STEAM. GAS AND WATER PIPE.

POILER TUBES. CASING AND LINING PIPE, FORGINGS, STEAM ENGINES, HOILERS, PUMPS, VALVES, FITTINGS FOR STEAM, GAS AND WATER. FACKING AND BELTING. ETEEL COAL AND DIST BARBOWS, GAUGES, LUBERCATING OIL, &c., BALTIMORE, MD.

PRANCH OFFICE

No. 1420 F Street. CILVERBERG' SPECIALTIES.

GOLD LEAF AND DUTCH METAL PICTURE . FRAMES

very rich, very cheap, and warranted not to tarnish. In 8x10 size, \$1.23 to \$1.95; in 10x12 size, \$1.48 to \$2.50. The handsomest Frames ever offered here for the price.

Gilt Frame Pictures, very large sizes, \$2 and \$2.50. These Pictures have heretofore been sold at from \$5 to \$7.50.

500 walnut and ebonized Fancy Stands, new and handsome designs, from \$5c. up. They speak for themselves. themselves.

Engraved Easel Frames, cabinet size, very neat, 25c. Fine all-silk velvet (abinet Frames, 47c. Complete Shaving Set, partition cup, Wosterholm pipe razor, Emerson strap, good shaving brush and shaving soap, \$1; by mail to any address for \$1.25.

Twelve fine Stereoscopic Views of Washington or Onlifornia, Niagars, Watkins Gien, &c., with a good wainut Stereoscope, \$1; by mail to any address, \$1.25.

Before purchasing a Baby Coach you are Before purchasing a Baby Coach you are par-ticularly requested to examine our large assort-ment. Our ten dollar Coach is hard to beat.

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS,

312 7th and 313 8th street northwest, Near Fennsylvania avenue. ap13-e0 CHR. BUPPERT.

Nos, 403 and 405 7th st. w. W. BEADQUARTERS FOR THE WHITNEY OHIL-DREN'S CARRIAGE COMPANY, the cheapest for Beauty, Comfort and Durability ARCHERY AND FISHING TACKLES, CROQUET

AND LAWN TENNIS, BICYCLES. VELOCIPEDES, WAGONS, N. Y. ROLLER SKATES (all numbers) At Prices

to Suit the Times. WALKER'S, 266 10TH STEERS:
LIMB. CEMENT, PLASTER, CARPET LINING
ECV2 GRAVEL ECCPING SUPPLIES.

Livening?

Vol. 57-No. 8,748.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1881.

THE EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO-DAY.—Internal revenue, \$496,598.58; customs, \$782,246.93. THE FOLLOWING Internal revenue appointments as storekeepers and guagers were made by the Secretary of the Treasury to-day:— Daniel A. Loomis, 5th Ky.; Emory B. Johns, 5th Ky.; James McCann, 5th Ky.; Samuel H. Lewis, 5th Ky.; Jefferson E. Vickery, 5th Ky.; W. S. Highbotham. 22d Pa.; Christopher C. Fiske. guager, 5tn Ky.

PROTESTS FROM BALTIMORE. - Several petitions have been received from citizens of Baltimore by the Senate, protesting against the confirmation of Mr. Adrien, as postmaster of that

SECRETARY BLAINE in conversation with several business men yesterday, said he favored all laws and measures having for their object the increase of trade between the United States and Mexico.

JUDGE FREEMAN, the solicitor of the Post Office department, is an applicant, it is said, for the Turkish mission, and with good chances

THE PRESIDENT to-day regretfully declined an invitation to attend the grand Masonic celebration to be held at Louisville by the Kentucky Masons on the 24th of June next. He had in-tended to accept, but in view of the Senate deadlock thought it best to decline.

NOMINATION WITHDRAWN .- A message was received by the Senate to-day from the President, withdrawing the nomination of Henry C. Russell,, to be postmaster at Eufaula, Ala-

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FOUR NOMINATIONS. There are now pending and unacted upon in the Senate 154 nominations, including those that have been referred to committees.

IN THE CASE of the International Bank of Chicago, against whom the government has a claim for deposits not returned for taxation for a period of years, which has been under consideration for the past week by the commissioner of internal revenue, a decision has been rendered that the bank is liable for a total of \$37,639.13, including \$9,678.16 of penalty.

URGING THE DEMOCRATIC SENATORS TO "STAND FIRM."-Senator Johnston to-day received a letter from Gen. Joseph R. Anderson, president of the Tredegar iron works of Richmond, in which he urges the democratic Senators to stand firm in their present position of resistence to the election of Riddleberger; that all the interests and the future of Virginia depend upon defeating the "repudiationists," and that the first step in this direction is for the democratic Senators to prevent the success of Mahone and Riddleberger.

A GERMAN SOCIALIST AT THE WHITE HOUSE .-This morning, Mr. F. W. Fritzsche, the German socialist, accompanied by Hon. P. V. Deuster, of Wisconsin, and Mr. Isaac Cohen, called upon President Garfield, and were received kindly. Mr. Fritzsche said to the President that he felt a desire of expressing his regards for our supe-rior institutions, and for the President person-ally. The President conversed with Mr. Fritz-sche in the German language.

THE TWO COMPANIES OF THE SIGNAL CORPS paraded yesterday, and made a fine display, in their bright helmets and neatly fitting uniforms. Under the command of Captain J. R. Walton, their drill master, they have attained a marked degree of proficiency in the evolutions and manual of arms.

ARMY ORDERS .- So much of special orders, No. 391, 1864, as discharged Captain A.H. Bixby, ist New Hampshire cavalry, on account of phyist new hampshire cavairy, on account of onysteal disability, is, to complete his record,
amended to omit the words "from wounds received in action." First Lieutenant E. B. Rheem,
21st infantry, now at Carlisle, Pa., will proceed
to Columbus barracks, Onlo, and report to the
commanding officer of that depot, to accompany the first detachment of recruits leaving
there for the military division of the Pacific. On completion of this duty h On completion of this duty he will join his com-pany in the department of the Columbia.

NAVAL ORDERS .- Assistant Engineer A. V. Zane, ordered to the steam bark Mary and Helen. Chief Engineer J. Q. A. Ziegler, de-tached from Alaska, and ordered to the Adams. tached from Alaska, and ordered to the Adams, relieving Chief Engineer E. J. Whittaker, who is ordered to return home without waiting for relief. Chief Engineer W. H. King, from the navy yard, Norfolk, and ordered to the Alaska. Passed Assistant Engineer D. P. McCartney, from the Dispatch, and placed on waiting orders. Passed Assistant Engineer H. T. Clark, from experimental duty, at New York, and ordered to the Dispatch. Prof. Jas. E. Nourse has been placed on the retired list from 1th April and detached from duty on that date. Leave of Medical Director Henry O. Mayo has has been extended one year from the 1st June next.

BANERUPTCY IN THE SENATE,-A meeting of the Senate judiciary committee has to-day been called by Chairman Edmunds for to-morrow morning. The object of the meeting is to refer to a sub-committee of five all the papers relating to the subject of bankruptcy which were resterday taken from the files of the Senate and referred to this committee, and to instruct the sub-committee to investigate the subject during the summer, with a view of obtaining some rational hapkruptcy legislation and some national bankruptcy legislation early

Swiss Emproidery .- The commercial agent of the United States at St. Galle, Switzerland, in commenting upon the embroidery industry of that place in a recent dispatch to the Department of State says that there has been much over-production of machine embroidery, the effect of which is still sensibly feit, but many hands have given up the business and gone into other pursuits, and a number will emigrate. There is much being done in the way of improving the machines and better goods will be put upon the market. CHANGES IN THE SIGNAL SERVICE .- The tol-

lowing named officers will be relieved from duty in the signal service by the chief signal officer of the army, May 1, 1881, and will then proceed to join their respective regiments:—First Lieut. John McClellan, fith artillery; First Lieut. Charles A. Booth, first infantry; First Lieut. Charles A. Booth, first infantry; First Lieut. Frederick Von Schrader, eighteenth infantry; First Lieut. Philip Reade, third infantry; Second Lieut. Win. C. Butler, third infantry; Second Lieut. Win. C. Butler, third infantry; Second Lieut. George L. Converse, jr., third cavalry. Second Lieut. Win. Eard, sixth cavalry, will be relieved from his present detail for instruction in military signaling, have been ordered to report in person to the chief signal officer of the army in this city during the mouth of May, 1881, for assignment to duty at Fort Myer, Va.:—First Lieut. T. W. Morrison, sixteenth infantry; First Lieut. C. L. Hein, first cavalry; First Lieut. M. P. Maus, first infantry; First Lieut. George B. Walker, sixth cavalry; Second Lieut. H. L. Balley, twenty-first infantry. lowing named officers will be relieved from duty

PERSONAL-Senators Butler, Kellogg and PERSONAL.—Senators Butler, Kellogg and Sawyer, ex-Senator Pool and ex-Assistant Postmaster General Brady were registered in New York last evening.—Judge Tourgee is reported as saying that his "Fool's Errand" his reached a sale of 250,000 or 270,000 volumes.—Parke Godwin, editor of the New York Evening Post, is at the Riggs, accompanded by his daughters.—Carlyie left personal property valued at nearly \$200,000.—Emmet, the actor, sailed for Liverpool yesterday.—Mrs. F. C. Cosby, Mrs. C. G. Page and Miss Derby Page, of Washington, were registered in Paris on the 9th instant.—Two of Theodore Tilton's daughters have been married to American gentlemen in Europe,—Ex-Secretary Bristor and wife, Judge Tourgee and wife and W. Van Anden, of the Brooklyn Eugle, are at the Riggs.—Mrs. Noyes, wife of the United States Minister at Paris, has gone from there with her son to Stutgart, where she will remain until June.—Ex-Senator Whyte was handsomely banquetted by the merchants and business men of Baltimore in that city last evening. Among the distinguished persons present were ex-Speaker Randall and ex-Attorney General Black.—Senator Frye will go to Nova Scotia, Saturday heat, to keep a business engagement which was made before the length of the present session could be foreseen.—Mr. W. A. M. Grier, the newly-appointed Third Assistant Postmaster General, is in the city.—The many friends of Naval Engineer Stivers will be pained to learn that he is lying dangerously ill at the realdence of Col. Robert J. Stevens, 807 let street northwest. Sawyer, ex-Senator Pool and ex-Assistant Post-

Hemarks by Messrs. Morrill, Beck., Sherman and Others.

The Vice President having laid before the senate the unfinished business,—being the resolution for the election of officers of the

THE SENATE TO-DAY.

Senate,—the usual motion to go into executive session was made by Mr. Harris, and met with its usual fate, being lost—yeas 17, nays 22.

MR. MORRILL DENIES THE CORRUPT BARGAIS

MR. MORRILL DENIES THE CORRUPT BARGAIN CHARGE
Mr. Morrill then took the floor, in denial of what he termed the baseless charge of a corrupt bargain, which had been so flippantly made, and which implied that the republican Senators were parties to that bargain. He would be sorry to know that any democratic Senator should have such a poor opinion of him, that a denial of that charge should be needed. So far as the vote of the Senator from Virginia (Mahone) was concerned he (Morrill) had understood in advance that it would be cast with the republicans without any conditions whatever. He referred to what he called the combined attack of the democratic Senators upon a single Senator who had recently taken his seat in this chamber, declaring that it was not chivalrous on the part of 37 honorable Senators to strike chamber, declaring that it was not chivalrous on the part of 37 honorable Senators to strike altogether at one fellow-Senator. Senators were not to be bulldozed. No one Senator had a right to call another to account for the votes that he might choose to give here on any question. He gave instances of statesmen having changed their political convictions, and asserted that the charges made against the Senator from Virginia by those who were willing to wound but afraid to strike were as unfounded and calumnious as those which had been made against Henry Clay. The stones which were being huried at the Senator from Virginia would fail harmless and form a monumental pile upon which he would stand with greater strength and pride to proclaim the gospel of a free ballot and a fair count.

MR. BECK'S RETORT. Mr. Beck said that he liked the statement which the Senator had made, that every Sanawithout being called to account for it, and that the Senate could not be bulldozed. He liked that doctrine, but in view of it, it ill became gentlemen on the other side to stand up and charge the democratic Senators with treason and rebellion because they cast their voices under the rules of the Senate for what they thought was for the good of the country.

Mr. Sherman inquired whether any party was justified in resorting to dilatory proceedings to prevent the majority from passing an ordinary bill.

Mr. Beck.—If any party ballance of the senate of the sen tor should be allowed to vote as he pleased

bill.

Mr. Beck.—If any party believes (and I am not now going to express my opinion) that a great wrong is to be perpetrated, then it is right to resort to dilatory motions. What the motives for dilatory motions now are, is for us and our constituents to determine.

Mr. Sherman.—Then you admit that ordinarily it is not right to resort to dilatory motions?

Mr. Beck.—Whether it is right or wrong is for the Senator himself to determine; and if we are acting within the rules, it is neither right nor courteous for Senators to say that we are seeking to revolutionize the Senate, and are guilty of treason.

courteous for Senators to say that we are seeking to revolutionize the Senate, and are guilty of treason.

Mr. Sherman inquired whether it was not within the power of 15 Senators to prevent the passage of any bill?

Mr. Beck replied that it was. The democrats had avowed—for good or bad reasons—that they intended to prevent a disorganization of the Senate at this time. If they were wrong, they were responsible for that wrong. It was because they knew that, that he was amazed that gentlemen on the other side did not go into executive session. He had seen in his time spoiled children refuse good bread and butter because they could not get sugar, and declare they never would eat the bread and butter. Why, when the republicans could get all the bread and butter, should they behave like spoiled children, and refuse to take it without sugar.

The Republican Senate Caucus,

THE CALL ABOUT TO BE ISSUED. A paper addressed to the chairman of the republican caucus, requesting him to call a meeting for to-morrow morning, has to-day been signed by ten or twelve republican Senators. and as this is more than a sufficient number the desired call will doubtless be issued. It is understood that the purpose of the movers in the matter is to bring about the holding of one or more executive sessions, at an early done to order to dispose of some portion of the accumulated business, but with the understanding that the contest over tho proposed election of officers shall then be renewed.

THE FEELING AMONG REPUBLICAN SENATORS in favor of the confirmation of some of the most important nominations pending, has been most important nominations pending, has been growing of late. It was suggested that the caucus be held to-morrow, but upon inquiry by a STAR reporter, on the republican side of the Senate, about the matter, it was learned that the caucus will not be held, perhaps, be fore next Tuesday or Wednesday. A reporter of THE STAR was further informed to-day by good authority that the President had requestof THE STAR WAS further informed to-day by good authority that the President had requested his friends among the republican Senators to provide a way for confirming pending nominations, at least those which are most needed. A call has been issued for a meeting of the further committee for to morrow morning to consider the nominations that have been reconsider the nominations that have been re-ferred to that committee, among which are those of Stanley Matthews and Judge Pardee.

National Academy of Science. THE ANNUAL BLECTION.

After our report of the proceedings of the National Academy of Science closed yesterday, Prof. Dall read an interesting paper on recent researches in the vicinity of Behring's Stratt, comprising—I. An account of the land-ice of Kotzebue Sound and the Arctic coast. 2. Additions to our knowledge of the currents and temperature of the ocean in the vicinity of Behring's Stratt ring's Strait.
At the business session Dr. Arthur W. Wright.

At the business session Dr. Arthur W. Wright, professor of molecular physics at Yale College, and Professor H. A. Rowland, professor of physics at the John Hopkins University, were elected members. There were two more vacancles and a large number of candidates for admission; but the contest was so stormy that it was determined not to make any further elections. The following members of the council were elected: Professor S. F. Baird, Professor Wolcott Gibbs, Cambridge; Professor A. Hall, U. S. N.: Professor J. E. Hilgard, Coast Survey; Professor Clarence King, Professor Fairman Regers, Philadelphia. Professor Simon Newcomb was elected home secretary, and Professor J. H. C. Coffin, U. S. N. treasurer.

ressor J. H. C. Coffin, U. S. N., treasurer.

To DAY'S SESSION.

The following papers were read at to-day's session:—A method for finding the preximities of the orbits of minor planets, by C. H. F. Peters; structure of the wings of insects, studied paleontologically, by Samuel H. Scudder; on the auriferous gravels of California, by J. Sterry Hunt; on the utilization of the sun's rays in heating and ventilating, by Edward S. Morse; results just obtained with regard to the molecular height of hydro-fluoric acid, by J. W. Mallet. RECEPTION OF THE MEMBERS BY THE PRESIDENT

LAST NIGHT.

At nine o'clock last night the members of the academy, accompanied by their ladies, called at the White House and paid their respects to President, with his wife, who had just returned from New York, received the distinguished party in the Blue room. The reception was informal. At ten o'clock the party retired and repaired to Wormley's, where they were handsomely entertained by the venerable president of the academy, Prof. Wm. B. Rogers. Refreshments were served, and at midnight the guests, exclusively academicians and their lady friends, took their departure.

Contemplated Improvement by the Washington Market Company.

The Washington Market Company are having plans prepared for the extension of the bridge plans prepared for the extension of the bridge running from Pennsylvania avenue across the open lot to the market house, and propose to have the structure completed at once, in order to utilize the second and third stories of that building for a first class eating house and hotel on the European plan. The iron bridge across the reservation and lake already completed is lie feet in length, and the remaining stretch of \$4 feet is to be of wood, at an elevation of about 15 feet from the ground, \$ feet wide in the clear and will make an entrance on the second story on a level with the floor and on a straight line with the present completed portion. The design contemplates a light, airy, though strong structure of white pine timber, iron railings, lamp posts in center, affording a most convenient thoroughfare to the building, and when completed will add quite a picturesque appearance to the market house and surroundings, and an eligible place for a business of the kind stated.

AS PER RECENT ORDER of the Secretary, national bank notes can now be sent by express to the U. S. treasurer, in this city, for redemp-tion, in sums of \$1,000, or its multiple, without any cost to the sender for expressage.

THE CURRENT SENSATION. THE LATEST ABOUT THE STAR ROUTE FRAUDS-IM-

PORTANT DEVELOPMENTS—THE WHOLE MATTER TO GO TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL. The irregular and fraudulent transactions which have been uncovered in the contract office of the Post Office department, by the investigation of Postmaster General James, are the principal topics of discussion throughout the city to-day, especially in the executive de-partments, where eager inquiries are made of those who are supposed to be acquainted with the facts as to the number of persons, and who they are, that will be affected in their official capacities.

A MEMBER OF EX-PRESIDENT HAVES' CABINET in conversation on the subject this morning expressed great surprise when he was told that the corruption extended over the entire period of the previous administration. When the gentleman expressed his faith in the honesty and integrity of the immediate predecessors of Postmaster General James he said that if the current statements were true they clearly indicated that those officials had been sadly ignorant of the duties and operations of the various bureaus under their charge. The case against General Brady and his friends has been presented in its incomplete shape to President Garfield, and instructions were at once given to complete the evidence and lay the whole subject, including the accumulated mass of documents, affidavits and various descriptions of incriminating memorands.

BEFORE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAC VEAGH expressed great surprise when he was told

BEFORE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAC VEAGH for such action as may hereafter be determined upon. Meantime very little information of an official character can be obtained, but it is intimated that instalments will be furnished for publication as rapidly as seems judicious to those having the investigation in hand. The statement that Judge Tyner was implicated in the frauds is said to have no foundation, and if he is replaced at all, which does not at present seem likely, it will not be on account of any connection with the Brady course. connection with the Brady coterie.

BRADY'S GRIP. It is reported, and it is probably true, that while Judge Tyner was cognizant of the star route operations, and long ago manifested a route operations, and long ago manifested a disposition to expose them, both he and Gen. Key were overruled by Gen. Brady, whose power in the Post Office seems, in view of recent developments, to have been almost absolutely sir reme. Gen. Brady was appointed Second Assistant Postmaster General July 24, 1876, to succeed Judge Tyner, who, twelve days before, had been promoted to be Postmaster General. When the Hayes administration came into power in the following March, Gen. Brady was retained, holding office until his resignation was tendered on Wednesday last.

OTHER HEARTS THAT ACHE. There is a good deal of uneasiness in and about the contract office of the Post Office department. As yet no removals have been made. but it is stated several clerks will be dismissed

but it is stated several clerks will be dismissed within a few days. It is among the rumbrs, too, that Auditor McGrew, of the Treasury, who has charge of the auditing of the Post Office accounts, as well as his deputy, are to be superseded.

The examination into the methods of dealing with the star route contracts is still in progress. The Postmaster General at present declines to make public what has been developed, but it is understood that he is formulating it in the shape of evidence, which in due time will be turned over to the Attorney General, THE GREAT STAR ROUTE COMBINATION.

will be turned over to the Attorney General,

THE GREAT STAE ROUTE COMBINATION.

It is known that the developments when made public will declare the existence of a powerful combination, the members of which, it is alleged, were beneficiaries in the appropriations for star service, and in it are included Congressmen, ex-Congressmen, newspaper proprietors, newspaper correspondents and prominent lobbyists. Gen. Brady, who is under a cloud in connection with the disciosures, is now in New York. His Irlends, however, allege that the stories now affoat are merely a rehash of what was developed before the sub-committee of appropriations two winters ago. On behalf of the Post Office department this is met with the statement that new facts have been developed showing conclusively the existence of the star route ring.

SOCIETY NOTES.

A small but very distinguished company aslast evening, when the President and Mrs. Garfield received the gentlemen of the Nationa, Academy of Sciences and their wives and daughters. Very few others were present. Col. Rockwell made the introductions. Secretaries Blaine, Windom and Hunt and their wives, Miss Dodge, Postmaster General James, Mrs. Rockwell and the President's two eldest sons and Miss Garield and Mr. Walker Blaine were present assisting in entertaining the visitors. All the pariors, the state dining room and conservatories were brightly lighted for the occasion, and about ten o'clock the President set the example for a promenade through the rooms and green houses with Admiral John Rodgers' wife, and all the others present followed in couples. Among those who attended were Professor and Miss Baird; Mr. Hilgard; Professor Rogers, of Boston, the president of the academy, and his wife; Professor and Mrs. Newcomb; Professor and Mrs. Asaph Hall; Professor and Mrs. Alex. Graham Bell, Professors Cope, Abbe, Marsh, Barker Silliman, Sterry Hunt, Langley, Peters, Guyot and others; Gen. and Mrs. Walker: Gen. McCook; Mr. Parke Godwin, editor of the N. Y. Evening Post, with a lady; Admiral John Rodgers, and Mr. George Tanner, U. S. Consul at Verviers, Belgium. While some of the ladies wore bonnets and walking suits, the majority of both ladies and gentlemen were in full evening dress, as they were asked to a reception given by Professor and Mrs. Rogers, of Boston, at Wormley's, after the conclusion of that at the White House. Mrs. Garrieid wore an elegant blue satin; Mrs. Blaine a rich dark satin combined with old gold; Mrs. Windom, ruby veivet. Mrs. Hunt was also very handsomely and becomingly dressed, and Mrs. Rogers, of Boston, all wore elegant white evening dresses. The reception at Wormley's, given by Professor and Mrs. Rogers, referred to above, was a very attractive entertainment.

On Tuesday evening, after the concert by the Yale College Giee Club, the Apolio Giee Club, of this city, entertained them at a supper party. —Mr. George Asta Buruaga and his sister, who have been guests at the British legation, left the city this morning for New York, and will sail within a few weeks for Chili with their parents. Rockwell made the introductions. Secretaries Blaine, Windom and Hunt and their wives

What Mr. Brady's Friends Say.

[Wash. Special Cin. Commercial.] It has been known for some time that Brady would have to go. There has been a great deal of clamor against him on account of the star route scandal, although his friends have never believed that he profitted by the great and seemingly unnecessary expenditure of money on account of these contracts. Brady is rich, and cares nothing for the office, but did not want to go out under fire. Had it been left to him he would have remethed in office are it to want to go out under fire. Had it been left to him he would have remained in office until the end of the fiscal year, when he would have shown in his annual report the advantage to the service of his administration of that branch of the department, but the pressure was too great to admit of delay, and Brady had to go.

THE SENATE yesterday, after our report closed. continued its political debate, the day being mainly devoted to replies to Mr. Frye's speech of Wednesday by Messra. Coke of Texas, Call of Florida, Jonas of La., and others.

BARON PUTTRANMER, AN ALLEGED CRIMINAL—
The commissioners of emigration were notified yesterday of the expected arrival by the steamer Grecian, from Rio Janeiro, of Baron Puttkammer who had served a long sentence in Brazil for robbery and attempted assassination, and who, it is said, had been sent out of the country. Warning had been given to Secretary Biaine in order that the criminal might be prevented from landing in this country. N. Y. World, to-day.

F. Duffy, a travelling salesman for the ! welry firm of Enos Richardson & Co., of New York, was robbed at the Carrollton Hotel, Baltimore, last night of a tray of gold watch chains, valued at from \$8,000 to \$10,000. JEWELBY ROBBERY IN BALTIMORE.-Charles

Paddy Ryan Released.—A telegram from Albany, N. Y., April 21, saye: Paddy Ryan, the puglilst, who surrendered himself to Sheriff Houck on Tuesday, was released at haif-past six o'clock this evening. He had been arrested on a requisition from Gov. Jackson, of West Virginia, which was honored by Gov. Cornell, but was subsequently revoked. The omicial papers withdrawing the requisition were received about an hour before Ryan's release. As Albert Davis and wife, of Newark, Del., were driving across the railroad track at Stanton, near Newark, yesterday, they were struck by a train and both killed,

Telegrams to The Star.

RACES IN ENGLAND TO-DAY.

Victory for an American Horse IMPORTANT RAILBOAD MATTERS

THE WESTERN FLOODS.

THE GEORGE'S CREEK R. R. EX-TENSION.

The Meeting at Cumberland To-day
—The Coal Question Involved—The
District Commissioners Present—
An Important Issue.

[Special Dispatch to The Free Nov. 1987]

[Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.]
CUMBERLAND, MD., April 22, 1 p. m.—The Maryland Board of Public Works, composed of Governor Wm. T. Hamilton, Comptroller Thos. J. Keating, Treasurer Barnes Compton, accompanied by Jno. K. Cowen and W. F. Frick, attorneys, and W. N. Bowling, engineer of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and Hafry Keattorneys, and W. N. Bowling, engineer of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and Hafry Keating and N. E. Ford, of the Baltimore Sun, arrived at the Queen City hotel at 2:40 this a. m. Other prominent visitors are also here, including the District of Columbia Commissioners Josiah Dent, Thos. P. Morgan and Wm. J. Tw-ning; Hugh Allen Goldsborough and A. Ross Ray, of Washington; President A. P. Gorman, of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal; Paymaster Stephen Gamberill and Superintendent Louis G. Stanhope, of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal; President Henry Loveridge and Vice President Gardiner P. Lloyd, of New York, of the George's Creek and Cumberland Railroad and the Pennsylvania Railroad, in Maryland: Chief Engineer James N. Randolph, general supervisor of trains; Francis Mantz; Col. S. R. Johnston, master of roads; A. Hunter Johnston, assistant of Baltimore and Ohio; Superintendent P. L. Burwell, Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railroad, and a host of other prominent and minor railroad officials. The party this morning visited the proposed railroad crossing, where an immense crowd were congregated. They will return home this evening. The Washington commissioners think the connection with the new road and canal will be worth one hundred thousand dollars a year to the District of Columbia alone and will revolutionize the whole coal trade. The board of public works are now holding a secret session.

without reciting the various points in controversy, which have been taken through all the courts, it appears that in 1878, when an adjustment was made between the state of Maryland and the Baltimore and who Rallroad Company a clause was invested in that cot Maryland and the Baltimore and Ohio Rallroad Company, a clause was inserted in that act, which was afterward placed in the form of an agreement between the state of Maryland, the Baltimore and Ohio Rallroad Company and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, to the effect that if in the case of the construction of any new road leading to the Baltimore and Ohio, either at or west of Cumberland, any controversy should arise as to the particular point of junction of the two roads, then, upon application to the board of public works of Maryland, they should determine such point of connection.

The points involved, therefore, are: First, the absolute right, under the contract of 1851 and under the contract made in pursuance of the adjustment act of 1878, of any new road to connect with the Baltimore and Ohio and have its engines and cars conveyed at a fixed sum per four to the grand heading against the tit. connect with the Baltimore and Onio and have its engines and cars conveyed at a fixed sum per ton to the canal badin; second, that it is impossible with any reasonable cost for this new road to reach the canal company's wharf without crossing the Baltimore and Onio raliroad and using its track; third, that the only point, therefore, in the controversy is as to the particular point at which this crossing shall be made. The new road, in selecting its point of crossing, have condemned the right of way at a point immediately east of Will's creek, where there is a very heavy curve on the Baltimore and Onio railroad, and its officials claim that it would not only involve the reconstruction of a would not only involve the reconstruction of a portion of their track, but would make it ex-ceedingly dangerous both to property and to life to have another road cross at grade at that particular point.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING.

The McCalmonts in Court Again.
Philadelphia, April 22.—Counsel for McCalmont Bros. & Co. called attention of Judges McKennon and Butler in the U. S. Circuit Court this a.m., to the fact that Mr. Gowan had given notice to the subscribers for deferred income bonds, that the new bonds would be issued with the irredeemable feature expunged. Counsel for the Philadelphia and Reading company refused to discuss the publication of newspaper articles and left the court room. The following form of the revocation of the decree of the U. S. Circuit Court was submitted to the court, and will be passed upon to morrow: "And now, this 21st day of April, 1881, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the order made upon the 18th day of November, 1880, in the above entitled clauses, Taylor vs. Philadelphia and Reading railroad company, and the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank vs. Philadelphia and Reading railroad company, in reference to an issue of so-called deferred bonds, be and the same is hereby revoked. PHILADELPHIA AND READING. The Injunction Decree.

The Injunction Decree.

The decree relating to injunction was as follows: And now on this 21st day of April, 1881, the motion for an injunction until final hearing having been argued by Jounsel and considered by the court, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that until the final hearing of this cause the defendants and each of them be, and they are hereby, enjoined first, from making or issuing the deferred income bonds mentioned in the bill filed in this cause or any of them, and from making any contract on behalf of the corporation defendant in reference thereto, and from doing any act towards carrying out the plan set forth and described in the bill in this cause and the exhibits annexed thereto and known as the deferred income bond plan; second, from executing any mortgage upon the property of the company and from issuing any bonds or obligations secured by mortgage upon the property of the company and from doing any act towards the carrying out of the scheme of issue of the bonds or obligations as a part of the issue amounting in the aggregate to \$15,000,000, to be secured by a new mortgage set forth and described in the bill and the exhibits thereto annexed.

OTHER RAILROAD MATTERS. Atchison, Topeka and Sauta Fe R. R. Election.

Rt. Election.

TOPEKA, KS., April 22.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company, held in this city yesterday, the following officers were elected: T. J. Coolidge, president; W.B. Strong, vice president and general manager; L. S. Thorndike, controller; E. Wilder, secretary and treasurer; G. L. Goodwin, assistant secretary and treasurer; J. P. Whitehead, auditor. The company is now operating more than 2.500 company is now operating more than 2,500 miles of railroad in Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico, valued at \$25,000,600. During the past year it has constructed over four hundred miles of new road, bought \$1,500,000 worth of rolling stock, and expended \$500,000 in improving the lines already built.

Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway. Milwankee and St. Paul Railway.

CHCAGO, ILIS., April 22.—The seventeenth annual report of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company for the year 1880 shows the revenue for the year to be as follows: Gross earnings, \$13,086,118; gross expenses (including taxes), \$7,742,425; net earnings, \$5,343,693; an increase in the gross earnings over the year of 1879 of \$3,073,298,83, and in the net earnings of \$304,668,11. There were 700,819 more tons of freight moved than in 1879, and 572,055 more passengers transported. The company has purchased and constructed during the year 1,544 miles, making it now owner of 3,776 miles of completed road.

Philadelphia and Eric Railroad Election.

Philadelphia, April 22.—At a meeting of the board of managers of the Philadelphia and Eric railway, to-day, J. N. Dubarry was elected president to ful the vacancy caused by the death of Gen. Robert Thompson.

English Working People Coming to America.

Bradford, April 22.—Trade is so bad here that factory operatives are emigrating at the rate of fifty per week. The majority go to the United States. Over sixty left for America last week, and large numbers are booked for the present week. Some of the Bradford firms contemplate taking a lot of machinery to America and manufacturing American wools on the spot. There are hundreds of disemployed operatives here, and a majority of the mills are running on short time,

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Manchester Market Bull.

London, April 22.—The Manchester Guardian, in its commercial article this morning, says: "The market is dull. Where business of any magnitude is mooted it is mostly impracticable, owing either to the length of time required for delivery or insufficiency of the prices offered. The sales, therefore, are almost entirely confined to small lots for early delivery. Prices do not show much change, but in some directions they are a little weaker, especially for yarn."

for yarn."

New market Races To-day.

London, April 22.—This is the last day of the Newmarket Craven meeting. The race for a sweepstakes of '5 sovereigns each, for three-year-old coits, filles and geldings, came off, and was won by Mr. Craven's bay coit Skiptar. The second place was secured by Beddington's bay coit Monarch, and the third place by Hanbury's bay coit Liliputian. Mr. J. R. Keene's chestnut coit Seminole, and Chev. Ginistrelli's bay celt Ofanto, were the last two. Only the five named ran.

Victory for Lorillard's Colt "Mis-take."

The race for the Newmarket International handicap also came off and was won by Mr. P. Lorillard's four years old chestnut colt Mistake. The second place was secured by Count F. de Lagrange's Poulet, and the third by Sir J. D. Astley's Windsor. Eleven ran.

THE WESTERN FLOODS.

THE WESTERN FLOODS.

The Missouri Higher Than Ever Before Known at Sioux City.
Sioux City, Iowa, April 21.—The Missouri river is still rising at this point and is now fully one foot higher than at any previous time this season, and also higher than at any time recorded in the history of the city. Dispatches from Sully to-night report the river still rising there, so there is no immediate prospect of a lower river here where the water is doing no particular damage, though it has penetrated to the lower parts of the town. The Floyd and other small streams are rapidly subsiding. It is reported to-day that the last of the imperiled Dakota sufferers have been rescued from their watery surroundings and taken to places of safety. Supplies for them are coming in, and as fast as they can be, placed within reach of the sufferers. The demand for food and also for clothing will be fully met.

fully met.
Subsidence of the Flood at Chicago. CHICAGO, April 22—The floods in this city are about at a standstill and are receding farther south. Stories of hardship and deprivation re-sulting from them are hourly coming to hand.

WALL STREET TO-DAY.

Stock Exchange Markets all Strong.

New York, April 22.—The Post's financial article in the 1:40 edition says: The stock exchange markets are all strong to-day. U. S. bonds are 's higher for the 6's (up to 103%) on the purchase of those who wish to secure the 3½ per cent extension bonds; the other issues are unchanged. State bonds are active, and southern issues are generally strong. Railroad bonds are steady to strong, with the C. C. and I. C. issues the special features, the first having advanced to 140 from 130, and the trust certificates to 120% from 110. The stock market is all higher. The stocks which have been special features have advanced to the following prices: Louisville and Nashville to 95%, from 92% Chattanooga to 83%, from 75%; Jersey Central to 99%, from 91%; Pacific Mail to 58%, from 50%; Texas and Pacific to 60, from 55%; Western Union to 117%, from 116; Northern Pacific to 44%, from 43%, and to 73 from 72%; International and Great Northern to 90, from 55% at the close yesterday; Milwaukee and St. Paul to 111%, from 110%; Union Pacific to 117%, from 116%; Manhattan Beach to 58, from 55, and Oregon Nav. to 158, from 154, the prices as we write being 155. It is said, on good authority, that what may be called an armistice has been agreed upon between the chief owners of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, and the Northern Pacific managers; whether this will result in a settlement of the contest now waging in the courts is yet undertermined. Without doubt, speculation is disposed to favor southern enterprises, and evidence of this is found in the active buying to day of the Louisville & Nashville, which is the chief representative of the southern railroads; recently the company has secured without cost to itself as a company important connections in South Carolina and Georgia, which will extend its system to tide water. The southers error and in fact the stocks under his control, including Western Union Telegraph and Pacific Mail, have been those which have Stock Exchange Markets all Strong. rol, including Western Union Telegraph and Pacific Mall, have been those which have turned the market this week, although other stocks have advanced because the general bear speculation has been checked for the time, at stocks have advanced because the general bear speculation has been checked for the time, at least. It is yet a question whether the general market has finally turned for the usual summer campaign, when, under the influence of cheap money, speculation for higher prices usually thrives. Money on call is 4a5 per cent to the stock brokers, 3a4 per cert on United States bonds, 4a4; on time where the collateral consists of good stocks, and 3a3½ per cent where it consists of United States bonds. Prime mercantile paper is 4½a 5½ per cent, few names passing below 5 per cent. General trade still suffers from the backward weather, and the spring trade of this year will undoubtedly prove to be the poorest of any season since the resumption of specie payments. The market for foreign exchange is very firm, but only moderately active. The posted rates for prime bankers sterling are 484½ and 485, Cable transfers are 484½ a85. Prime 4843%. Cable transfers are 484%a85. Prime commercial bilts are 480a480%. Should these rates held, gold imports will be checked.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, April 22.—Virginia sixes, deferred, 17; do consois, 80½; do. second series, 38; do. past due coupons, 80½; do. second series, 38; do. past due coupons, 80½; do. second series, 38; do. past due coupons, 96½; do new ten-forties, 51; do. ten-forty coupons, 96½; do new ten-forties, 52; do. do. forty, 52; do. do. family, 6.25a6.25; city milis super, 3.25a4.00; do. extra, 4.25a5.00; do. family, 6.50a 6.62; do. Rio brands, 6.50; Patapaco family, 7.00. Wheat, southern higher; western higher and firm-southern red, 1.23a1.27; do. amber, 1.28a 1.31; No. 2 western winter red, spot and April, 1.23; July, 1.18½; al.18½; August, 1.16%. Corn, southern teady; western higher but inactive-southern white, 56½; do. yellow, 57; western mired, spot, 57; abs7½; April, 57; abs7½; May, 65a 56½; June, 55½; steamer, 55a55½. Oats dull and easier—western white, 46a47; do. mixed, 44a46; Pennsylvania, 46. Rye lower, 1.20. Hay steady—prime to choice Pennsylvania and Maryland, 21.00 ap. 50. Provisions irregular and unsettled, but holders are firmer—mess pork, old, 18.00; new, 19.00. Bulk meats—loose shoulders and clear rib sides, none offering; do. packed, 6½; and 9½; Bacon—shoulders, 7½; clear rib sides, 10½. Hams, 11a12. Lard—refined, 12½; Butter quiet—prime to choice western packed, 13a22; roll, 18a22. Eggs quiet and weak, 16a16½. Petroleum dull—refined, 6. Ooffee dull—Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair, 10a 11½. Bugar firm—A soft, 9½. Whisky dull, 1.09½; Sugar firm—A soft, 9½. Whisky dull, 1.09½; Sugar firm—A soft, 9½. Whisky dull, 1.09½. Eggs quiet—cotton, 7.32d.; flour, 20s. per ton; grain, 6d. Receipts—flour, 2,640 barrels; wheat, 41,485 bankels; corn. 55,880 bankels.

NEW YORK, April 22 —Stocks strong. Money, 5. Exchange—tong, 481½; short, 483½. Console-for money, 100 16-16; for the account, 101 1-16. U. B. bonds, 4 per cent. Subsequently the speculation became in

NEW YORK MARKETS THIS AFTERNOON. The following quotations were current in New York to-day at 2:30 p. m., as reported by H. H. The following quotations were current in New York to-day at 2:30 p. m., as reported by H. H. Dodge, of 539 15th street, by special wire: — Western Union, 117%; do. new stock, 81%; New York Central, 144%; Lake Bhore, 125%; Michigan Central, 107; New York, Lake Brie and Western, 46%; do. preferred, —; do. seconda, 102%; Delsware, Lackawanna and Western, 118%; New Jersey Central, 99%; Delsware and Hudson, 108%; Reading, 58%; Morthwestern, 122%; do. preferred, —; Wabash and Pacific, 47; do. preferred, —; Wabash and Pacific, 118; Mr., K. 27, 46%; Hannibal Iron mountain, 65%; Ohio and Mississippi, 43%; do. preferred, —; Pacific Mall, 65; U. O. and Iron mountain, 65%; Ohio and Mississippi, 43%; do. preferred, 25%; Serthern Pacific Com., 44%; do. preferred, —; Cuntral Pacific, 85%; Chesapsake and Ohio, 25; Louisville and Rashville, 96; Nashville and Chattancoga, 34%; Ontario and Western, 24%; Canadian Bouthern, 75%; District of Golumbia 5.55 bonds, —; Chicago, Burlington and Quancy, —; Deswer and Rio Grands, 105; St. Paul and Omaha, 45; do. preferred, 37%; Col. Ocal, 55%; Chica Central, 1894; Canadian Bouthern, 75%; District of Golumbia 5.55 bonds, —; Chicago, Burlington and Quancy, —; Deswer and Rio Grands, 105; St. Paul and Omaha, 45; do. preferred, 37%; Col. Ocal, 65%; Chicago, Burlington and Quancy, —; Deswer and Rio Grands, 105; St. Paul and Omaha, 45; do. preferred, 37%; Col. Ocal, 65%; Conson, 1.09%; Coupona, 1.07%; Coupona, 1.09%; Coupona, 1.09%; Coupona, 1.15%; Coupona, 1.15%; St. 1.44%al. 15; Coupona, 1.15%al. 10%; Coupona, 1.15%al. 10

TWO CENTS.

tration was the step taken by Postmaster General James in making a bulletin of the star routes to be let and putting them in a conspicuous place in the department. At first the name of Mr. Brady was appended, but subsequently the name of the Postmaster General was substituted. It was evident from this step that Mr. Brady did not enjoy the confidence of his superiors, and, taking the bint, said he was ready to tender his resignation, but would like very much to remain in the office. The President did not intimate, even, that his resignation was desired, and so Mr. Brady continued to discharge his official duties conscious that so long as the dead-lock continued his successor, if nominated, would have to wait for confirmation before relieving him of the office.

Since early in March, however. Special Agent Woodward, said to be one of the shrewdest and most vigilant officers in the service of the Post office department, had been delving into the workings of the star route system, while other agents in the west, with no suspicion even of the nature of the duties assigned them, were employed in sending to Washington confidential reports of what was being done along certain routes, what service was performed and the amount of business carried over the route selected for special examination. Mr. Woodward, it will be remembered, uprooted the straw bid system when Mr. Jewell was Post master General, and in carrying out his instructions was fully aware of the importance of the task assigned him.

A few days ago the accumulated evidence, together with the report of the special agent, were submitted to the President. On last Tuesday afternoon, after the department closed, the President sent for Postmaster General Macvesch to the Executive Mansion, and hardly had the door closed behind them when it was accertained that the management of the Second Assistant Postmaster General's office was underconsideration, and important events would come to light in a few days. This fact is mentioned to show that with all the secrecy obse

THE STAR ROUTE STEAL

STARTLING DEVELOPMENTS PROMISED-A POWER-FUL BING-RESULTS OF RECENT INVEST

[Wash. Special N. Y. Herald.]

The first inkling the public had that a suspicion rested upon Mr. Brady by this adminis-

tration was the step taken by Postmaster Gen eral James in making a bulletin of the star

come to light in a few days. This fact is mentioned to show that with all the secrecy observed the suspicions of the prominent actors in the star-route business had at last been aroused. The presence of the Secretary of the Treasury puzzled the watchers, but upon reflection it was easily explained, for charges against the Second Assistant Postmaster General could not be sustained without reflecting upon the Sixth Auditor of the Treasury, through whose hands all the accounts of the postal service must pass. The contemplated removal of Assistant Attorney General Freeman, the law officer of the Post Office department would also excuse the attendance of the Attorney General. This conference of three Cabinet officers with the President two hours after a regular Cabinet meeting was known to be important, and the demand made yesterday for the resignation of Thomas J. Brady, the Second Assistant Postmaster General, and the resignation of Assistant Attorney General Freeman was but the first result of that conference.

Naturally all sorts of stories have been circulated to-day as to the intention of the President, but beyond the statement that the reckiess waste of government funds upon star route contracts made Mr. Brady wholly unworthy of the trust reposed in him, and the announcement that his resignation was asked, and not voluntary, is about as much as the President thinks it proper to announce at present. But in a few days the demands for the resignations of other prominent officials at the Post Office department will explain sufficiently that the testimony before the President warrants immediate reform in a department where millions of delars have been recklessly squandered it not with guilty knowledge on the part of the respective contractions.

reform in a department where millions of dollars have been recklessly squandered it not with quilty knowledge on the part of the responsible officials.

It is not premature, however, to say that the scandal that it is now known will be brought to light will be of a national character. It will involve ex-members of Congress in alding and abetting a wilful waste of government funds, and a system of favoritism for sections and among contractors that will exceed all that has hitherto been denounced as extravagent inventions. Quarrels among contractors and subagents will now be fully explained, and witnesses who have knowledge of the methods by which it has cost the government \$500 to transmit a single letter less than one hundred and fity miles, will form an interesting chapter in the story.

(Washington Special N. Y. Tribune A ring of powerful contractors held posses sion of the most profitable star routes—those covering long distances in the western territo covering long distances in the western territories, and kept out all rivals by the system of straw bids so often exposed, and virtually fixed their own compensation by the friendly aid of the contract office. The ring had its agents in Washington. One of them, when somewhat in washington. One of the my head to sign a certain contract. This person holds an important government office.

The material which has been collected by the special agents of the Post Office department under the instructions of Postmaster General James is being prepared in the form of evidence to be used in court if thought acvisable, and in that form is sent to the Attorney General. Special agents are now engaged in making personal inspection of the principal star routes in the west and as rapidly as possible they will be sent over other routes of the star.

routes in the west and as rapidly as possible they will be sent over other routes of less importance. One principal reason for the summary action in regard to General Brady was the discovery that many sources of information which the special agents desired to make accessible were closed through the fear of General Brady's power while he remained in office.

[Wash. Special N. Y. Times.] The forced retirement of Gen. Brady from the Post Office department has caused a palarul flutter among the star route group, and has flutter among the star route group, and has brought prominent members of it to Washington for consultation. It has also created great consternation in the Post Office department among those who are known to have been beneficiaries of the star system, and numerous rumors are afloat to night in reference to impending dismissals. Among these is one to the effect that Sixth Auditor McGrew and Deputy Lilly are marked for decapitation. These gentlemen are offi cers of the Treasury department, and cannot, therefore, be directly reached by Postmaster General James. It is believed that the fraudulent practices in connection with star routes General James. It is believed that the fraudulent practices in connection with star routes could not have been successfully carried out without the knowledge and connivance of the sixth auditor's office, and it is likely, therefore, that the Secretary of the Treasury will direct an investigation of that office for the purpose of ascertaining the truth or fainty of the unpleasant rumors that are freely circulated in connection with this branch of the postal business. No further changes were made in the Post Office department to day, but as soon as the evidence now being collected its completed a number of removals will speed-lly follow.

Sporting Notes.

Sporting Notes.

Mr. James Dougray leaves Albany, N. Y., today with his stable of three horses for the races in this city commencing May 3d.

The following games of base ball were played yesterday: At Boston, Cambridge Beacons 11, Harvards 2. At New York, Troys 9, Metropolitans 6. At Buffalo, Buffalos 11, Picked Nine 2.

The base ball season was formally opened in this city yesterday by a line game between the Princeton College nine and the Nationals. The home nine won by a score of 2 to 1.

Chicago sporting men will stake \$1,000 that Monroe Chief in the Chicago July trotting meeting can outtrot either Independence, Knox or Nil Desperandum.

At the New Orleans race course yesterday (third day) the first (hurdle), two miles, over eight hurdles, was won by Capt. Franklin; time 4 minutes. Second race, 2-year-olds, five-eighths of a mile, was won by Anglia. Third race, one mile and a-quarter, was won by Aleck Ament; time 2-56. Fourth race, the Howard stakes, two miles, was won by Long.

Taw in a walk-over.

The Sprague Equity Suit.—Another hearing was given in the Latham-Chaffee-Sprague equity suit by Judge Lowell in the United States circuit court in Providence, R. I., Wednesday. The plaintiffs were represented by Gen. Roger A. Pryor, Gen. Butler, and several local lawyers. Trustee Chaffee was represented by Charles Hart, Benjamin F. Thurston, and James Tillinghast. The defendant maintained that the complainant, Mrs. Latham, was interested in a similar suit in the supreme court of this state, and that the matter was first brought up in that court, the United States court had no jurisdiction. If the court decided against such a plea it would be foreing the new receiver, should one be appointed to answer the demands of both courts and make returns to each, and instead of getting out of the present entanglement it would simply make the matter more complex than at present. Gen. Pryor and Gen. Butler made answer to this plea, showing that the Latham had not become a party to the suit in the state court until the present suit had been instituted in the circuit court. Judge Lowell ordered a recess of one week, during which time he will decide whether or not he has jurisdiction.

Killed by a Burglar.—W. F. Beattle, sheriff

Killed by a Burglar.—W. F. Beattle, sheriff of Crittenden county, Ark., was killed yester-day morning near Marion, Ark., while attempt-ing to arrest a negro burglar. Deputy Sheriff Macdox was wounded by the burglar, who made his escape.

Whipped By a Woman.—A dispatch from Bellville, fill, says that Fanny Louise Buckingham
gave a former member of her theatrical company, L. D. Wright, a severe beating on the
streets in that place. Wright had been discharged from the company while at St. Louis,
but following them up attached part of the
baggage on a claim for salary. He met Fanny
(Mazeppa) on the street, accompanied by her
husband, Mr. Pettit, and a night ensued, it
which Pettit was worsted. Then Fanny took
up the fight and wnipped Wright so thoroughly
that it became necessary for bystanders to pail
her away.